

## Policy/Advocacy Update – 6/14/2019

### Federal Legislation Update:

**FY20 Budget & Appropriations – Update** – Congress is working on the FY 20 allocations and budget, which begins 10/1/19. If Congress does not lift the Budget Control Act federal spending caps, sequestration would occur, as the previous agreement to lift the caps only included FY 18 & 19. Advocacy organizations are urging Congress to lift the caps to ensure affordable housing, community development, and transportation programs receive the highest allocation of discretionary funds possible for FY20. The House Appropriations Committee is in the process of releasing subcommittee allocations, which will allocate overall funding with which each subcommittee will have to work for their individual FY 20 appropriations bills.

**Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, and Ginnie Mae** – Freddie Mac, Fannie Mae, and Ginnie Mae are all down on receipts, which will affect available funding for HUD unless Congress authorizes additional funding. Just to keep housing where it is currently, there is a \$7-8 billion gap which will need to be addressed in addition to raising the caps.

**House Appropriations FY 20 THUD Bill – New** – On 5/22 The House Appropriations Committee released its draft FY 20 THUD funding bill. In total, the legislation provides \$137.1 billion in budgetary resources, an increase of \$6 billion above the 2019 enacted level and \$17.3 billion above the President’s budget request.

#### -Proposed House FY 20 HUD funding levels for specific programs (not an all-inclusive list):

- **Tenant-based Rental Assistance:** \$23.8 billion, \$1.2 billion above the 2019 enacted level and \$1.6 billion above the President’s budget request.
  - **HUD/VASH:** \$40 million, equal to the 2019 enacted level. The President’s budget request proposed eliminating this program.
- **Project-Based Rental Assistance:** \$12.6 billion, \$843 million above the 2019 enacted level and \$570 million above the President’s budget request.
- **Homeless Assistance Grants:** \$2.8 billion, \$164 million above the 2019 enacted level and \$201 million above the President’s budget request.
- **HOPWA:** \$410 million, \$17 million above the 2019 enacted level and \$80 million above the President’s budget request.
- **CDBG:** \$3.6 billion, \$300 million above the 2019 enacted level. The President’s budget request proposed eliminating this program.
- **HOME:** \$1.75 billion, \$500 million above the 2019 enacted level. The President’s budget request proposed eliminating this program.
- **Public Housing Capital Fund:** \$2.9 billion, \$80 million above the 2019 enacted level. The President’s budget request proposed eliminating this program.
- **Public Housing Operating Fund:** \$4.8 billion, \$100 million above the 2019 enacted level and \$1.9 billion above the President’s budget request.
- **Choice Neighborhoods Initiative:** \$300 million, \$150 million above the 2019 enacted level. The President’s budget request proposed eliminating this program.
- **Self-Sufficiency Programs:** \$150 million, \$20 million above the 2019 enacted level and \$75 million above the President’s budget request.
- **USICH:** \$4.1 million, \$500,000 above the 2019 enacted level. The President’s budget request proposed eliminating this program.

#### -Policy Provisions included in the funding bill:

- Blocks the administration’s public housing rule change on undocumented immigrants in affordable housing, which would threaten the housing tenure of 55,000 children who are citizens or legal residents.
- Requires all HUD grantees to develop a resiliency plan as part of the consolidated planning process.

**House Appropriations Labor, HHS, & Education Allocation Would Increase RHYA Funding – New** – On 5/7, The House Appropriations Committee released its fiscal year 2020 subcommittee allocations and its report accompanying the fiscal year 2020 Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies appropriations bill. With this bill RHYA would be funded at **\$147 million in FY 2020--- a 15% increase from FY 2019.** This would also fund the Education for Homeless Children and Youth Act (EHCY) at \$100 million---a 7% increase from FY 2019.

**HUD Proposed Rule amending implementing of section 214 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1980, as amended (Section 214) – New** – The proposed rule, published on 5/10 in the Federal Registrar, would bar U.S. citizens and eligible immigrants from receiving federal housing assistance if they share a home with an immigrant family member who’s ineligible due their immigration status. The proposed rule would also specify that individuals who are not in eligible immigration status may not serve as the leaseholder, even as part of a mixed family whose assistance is prorated based on the percentage of members with eligible status. The current rule allows for mixed-status families; under this new rule, every single member of a household must be of “eligible immigration status.” HUD acknowledged that this rule could displace more than 55,000 children, all of whom are legal U.S. residents or citizens. Approximately 25,000 households, representing about 108,000 people, now living in subsidized housing have at least one ineligible member, according to the HUD analysis. Per Diane Yentel with NLIHC: “Tens of thousands of deeply poor kids, mostly U.S. citizens, could be evicted and made homeless because of this rule, and – by HUD’s own admission – there would be no benefit to families on the waiting list.” There is a 60-day comment period, which closes on 7/9/19. To view the proposed rule and

submit comments go to: <https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2019/05/10/2019-09566/housing-and-community-development-act-of-1980-verification-of-eligible-status>

**HUD Proposed Rule Re. Equal Access – New** – Per the NLIHC, on 5/22 HUD announced “a forthcoming proposed rule to weaken the Equal Access Rule and, with it, important protections for LGBTQ people experiencing homelessness. The announcement came just one day after HUD Secretary Ben Carson testified to Congress that HUD had no intention of weakening the rule.”

**President Trump’s Poverty Policy Proposal – New** – Per CBPP: The Trump Administration yesterday [floated a proposal](#) to use a lower measure of inflation when adjusting the poverty line each year. This policy would over time cut or take away food assistance, health, and other forms of basic assistance from millions of people who struggle to put food on the table, keep a roof over their heads, and see a doctor when they need to. If the [poverty line is altered](#) in this fashion, fewer individuals and families will qualify over time for various forms of assistance, including many who work hard but are paid low wages.

**HR 1856: Ending Homelessness Act of 2019 – No new update**– Reintroduced by House Financial Services Committee Chair Maxine Waters (D-CA). This bill would provide a path to end homelessness in the United States, and for other purposes. This bill passed the House Financial Service Committee on 3/28. This legislation is a comprehensive plan to ensure the lowest-income people have safe, decent, and affordable homes. The bill invests \$13.27 billion over five years to address the shortage of affordable housing and combat homelessness by providing 410,000 new affordable homes for the lowest-income households. The bill earmarks \$1 billion annually to the national Housing Trust Fund (HTF) and \$50 million each year for rental assistance to be used in conjunction with HTF-created housing. Within Congressman Waters' bill is a 75% set-aside that will help create new supportive housing throughout the country. Additionally, this bill would permanently authorize appropriations for the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Grants Act and permanently reauthorize USICH.

**S. 923: Fighting Homelessness Through Services and Housing Act – No new update** – Sponsored by Senators Feinstein, Murkowski, and Congressmen Lieu and Stivers. This bill would bill authorize \$750 million in grants annually for the next five years for local governments. It also conditions federal funds on a grant recipient’s ability to provide not only housing but also comprehensive services like mental health care, substance abuse treatment and job training.

**H.R. 7022: Homes for Our Heroes Act – New** – Sponsored by Rep Peters (CA-52), this bill seeks to expand HUD-VASH eligibility to Veterans who are not dishonorably discharged, but who have not received supportive housing services from Veteran’s Affairs, and greater transparency about implementation.

**H.R. 508: Trafficking Victims Housing Act of 2019 – No new update** – Sponsored by Rep. Joyce Beatty. This bill would require a study and report on the housing and service needs of victims of trafficking and individuals at risk for trafficking.

**H.R. 232: Landlord Accountability Act of 2019 – No new update** – Sponsored by Rep. Nydia Velazquez. This bill would amend the Fair Housing Act, to prohibit discrimination based on use of section 8 vouchers, and for other purposes.

**H.R. 715: To amend section 428 of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act to provide incentives to grantees under the Continuum of Care program to re-house all former members of the Armed Forces, and for other purposes – No new update** – Sponsored by Rep. Steve Stivers. Content of bill and bill summary not available.

**S. 8: Preserving Our Commitment to Homeless Veterans Act – No new update** – Sponsored by Sen. Marco Rubio. This bill would require the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to ensure that the supported housing program of the Department of Veterans Affairs has not fewer than one program manager for every 35 rental assistance cases under such program, and for other purposes.

**Trump Administration Proposed SNAP Rule – No new update** – Per the Food Research & Action Center: The Trump Administration’s [proposed Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program \(SNAP\) rule](#) would time limit food benefits for unemployed and underemployed people who can’t document sufficient weekly work hours. They would lose SNAP eligibility after three months. Comments were due 4/2/19.

**H.R. 1724: The Higher Education Access and Success for Homeless and Foster Youth Act of 2019 (HEASHFY) – No new update**– This bill was introduced by Senators Patty Murray (D-WA) and Rob Portman (R-OH) in the Senate, and by Representatives Katherine Clark (D-MA) and Don Young (R- AK). HEASHFY amends the Higher Education Act to simplify eligibility for federal financial aid and to improve outreach, resources, and policies for homeless and foster youth. The legislation:

- Streamlines the process of applying for and receiving financial aid;
- Helps students access housing;
- Designates a higher education liaison to help students access services;
- Asks states to grant in-state tuition rates to those students who haven’t had stable residency;
- Ensures that college access programs identify, recruit, and prepare homeless and foster students for college; and
- Requires the U.S. Department of Education to help resolve questions about a student’s independence, simplify the FAFSA, and publish useable data and reports.

---

#### State Legislation Update:

**Color key-code:** Bills that are not highlighted have not had Committee Report-Outs. Bills highlighted in yellow have had Committee Report-Outs, but no other action. Bills highlighted in teal have been voted to be engrossed in at least one Chamber. Bills highlighted in pink have had votes for enactment in at least one chamber. Bills highlighted in blue are on the Special Appropriations Table. Bills highlighted in green have been sent to the Governor and/or been signed into Public Law.

### Affordable Housing

- LD 48, An Act to Authorize a General Fund Bond Issue To Invest in Housing for Persons Who Are Homeless" (Presented by Representative BRENNAN of Portland). This bill would authorize a \$15million bond, to go to referendum, to invest in the creation of housing for people experiencing homelessness, to be administered by MaineHousing. A Public Hearing was held on 1/22. Not reported out by Committee.

### Rental Subsidies

- LD 1523, An Act To Ensure the Quality of and Increase Access to Recovery Residences – Sen. Bellow. **The bill was voted passed to be enacted by the House and Senate. The bill is now on the Special Appropriations Table pending passage to be enacted.**

### Support Services

- LD, 775, An Act To Expand Community Support Services for Certain Adult Members of the MaineCare Program – Rep. Gramlich. This bill directs the Department of Health and Human Services to amend its rules in Chapter 101: MaineCare Benefits Manual, Chapter II, Section 17, Community Support Services to include access to services to persons who have a diagnosis of bipolar disorder, major depressive disorder, panic disorder or post-traumatic stress disorder. In practice, this would revert back to the previous Section 17 (pre-March 2016) eligibility criteria. **The bill was voted passed to be enacted by the House and Senate. The bill is now on the Special Appropriations Table pending passage to be enacted.**
- LD 613, Resolve, Concerning the Adoption of Rules To Carry Out the Purpose of the Bridging Rental Assistance Program – Rep. Dick Farnsworth. This resolve directs DHHS to adopt rules for BRAP in order to ensure fairness, equity and access to the program for those persons with mental illness who qualify for the program. **The bill became law without the Governor's signature.**
- LD 1404, Resolve, To Require the Department of Health and Human Services To Request a Waiver Relating to Support Services and To Provide Funds To Prevent Homelessness – Rep. Brennan. **The bill was voted passed to be enacted by the House and Senate. The bill is now on the Special Appropriations Table pending passage to be enacted.**
- LD 195, An Act To Continue MaineCare Coverage for Parents During the Rehabilitation and Reunification Process – Rep. Patty Hymanson. **The bill became law without the Governor's signature.**
- LD, 763, An Act To Ensure the Availability of Community Integration Services – Rep. Rachel Talbot-Ross. This bill provides funding to increase reimbursement rates in the Department of Health and Human Services rule Chapter 101: MaineCare Benefits Manual, Chapter III, Section 17 for community integration services to \$24.25 per quarter-hour. This would increase the rate for Section 17 CI services. **The bill was voted passed to be enacted by the House and Senate. The bill is now on the Special Appropriations Table pending passage to be enacted.**
- LD 1275, An Act To Support Access to Health Services for Homeless Youth in Maine – Sen. Linda Sanborn. **The bill was signed by the Governor and became public law on 6/5.**
- LD 1318, Resolve, To Increase Access to Housing-related Support Services – Rep. Drew Gattine. This resolve directs the Department of Health and Human Services to apply for waivers to provide housing-related services, including housing transition and tenancy sustaining services, to individuals with disabilities, older adults needing long-term services and supports and persons experiencing chronic homelessness under the 1915(b) and 1915(c) Medicaid waiver provisions. **The bill was signed by the Governor and became public law on 6/6.**
- LD 1602 Resolve, Establishing the Working Group on Mental Health – Sen. Breen. This resolve establishes the Working Group on Mental Health to assess the State's capacity to serve Maine citizens with behavioral health needs and propose a comprehensive mental health plan for the State. **The bill was voted passed to be enacted by the House and Senate. The bill is now on the Special Study Table pending final passage.**

### Combination of Housing, Subsidies, and/or Support Services:

- LD 1337, An Act To Save Lives by Establishing a Homeless Opioid Users Service Engagement Project within the Department of Health and Human Services (HOUSE) – Rep. Gattine. **The bill was voted passed to be enacted by the House and Senate. The bill is now on the Special Study Table pending final passage.**

### Food Security and Basic Safety Net Assistance:

- LD 1317, An Act To Restore Services To Help Certain Noncitizens Meet Their Basic Needs. Rep Gattine. This bill removes limitations on food supplement program benefits and Temporary Assistance to Needy Families program benefits, provides MaineCare coverage and modifies language for state-funded supplemental security income to maintain consistency throughout the law for certain noncitizens who are lawfully present in the United States or pursuing a lawful process to apply for immigration relief. **Public Hearing in front of the HHS Committee held on 4/12; Work Session held 4/25, in which there was a divided report from the Committee – the Majority Report was OTP as amended. It is on the House's calendar as unfinished business, tabled pending acceptance of either report.**
- LD 795, Resolution, Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution of Maine to Establish a Right to Food – Rep. Craig Hickman. This constitutional resolution declares that all individuals have a natural, inherent and unalienable right to acquire, produce, process, prepare, preserve and consume and to barter, trade and purchase the food of their own choosing for their own nourishment, sustenance, bodily health and well-being. **On 6/12 The House reconsidered its action whereby the resolution was Passed to be Engrossed. House Amendment A was read and adopted, and it was Passed to be Engrossed as Amended by**

**Committee Amendment A and House Amendment A in non-concurrence. On 6/13 Senator Libby moved the Senate recede and concur and it was tabled until later in the day's session pending further consideration.**

- LD 1159, Resolve, To End Hunger in Maine by 2030 – Rep. Hickman. This bill directs the Department of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry, in consultation and collaboration with interested parties and stakeholders (including various state Departments and Offices) to develop a comprehensive strategic plan to eliminate hunger in the State by 2030. **On 5/20 Governor Mills signed the bill into law.**

**Other Homelessness Related Bills:**

- LD 184 – An Act To Amend the Veterans' Homelessness Prevention Coordination Program – Rep. John DeVeau. Referred to the Committee on Veterans and Legal Affairs. A Public hearing was held on 2/4, and a Work Session was held on 2/4 and 3/27. **The bill was voted passed to be enacted by the House and Senate. The bill is now on the Special Appropriations Table pending passage to be enacted.**
- LD 459, An Act To Include Homelessness in the Laws Governing Emergency General Assistance – Sen. Ben Chipman. Bill summary: This bill defines "homelessness" for the purposes of the laws governing general assistance and specifies that a person experiencing or facing homelessness who meets the conditions for receiving emergency assistance in current law is eligible for emergency general assistance. **The bill was voted passed to be enacted by the House and Senate. The bill is now on the Special Appropriations Table pending passage to be enacted. Committee Amendment A changes the bill title to "An Act Regarding Presumptive Eligibility and Homelessness under the General Assistance Laws" and: This amendment, which is the majority report of the committee, changes the definition of "homelessness" in the bill to remove references to a need for permanent or safe housing. It adds a requirement for the Department of Health and Human Services to reimburse a municipality 100% of direct general assistance costs after a person has spent 90 consecutive nights homeless or in an emergency shelter for the homeless. It also establishes presumptive eligibility for general assistance for 30 days for persons who are provided shelter at emergency shelters for the homeless and specifies that no other municipality may be determined to be the municipality of responsibility during that 30-day period. It also requires the Department of Health and Human Services to establish a work group of stakeholders to examine the municipal general assistance program and report findings to the Joint Standing Committee on Health and Human Services no later than January 2, 2020.**
- LD 46, An Act to Establish a Substance Use Disorder Clinic at the Cumberland County Jail – Rep. Michael Brennan. This bill would provide funding (\$250,000 in each year of the biennium) to create a substance use disorder clinic at the Cumberland County jail. On 5/28 both the House and Senate passed the bill to be engrossed as amended. **The bill was voted passed to be enacted by the House and Senate. The bill is now on the Special Appropriations Table pending passage to be enacted.**
- LD 510, An Act To Authorize Funding for Transitional Housing for Women Veterans and Their Families – Rep. Bettyann Sheats. This bill would provide a one-time \$150,000 General Fund appropriation in fiscal year 2019-20 to the Department of Defense, Veterans and Emergency Management for the Betsy Ann Ross House of Hope to provide suitable housing for women veterans in transition and their families. **The bill was voted passed to be enacted by the House and Senate. The bill is now on the Special Appropriations Table pending passage to be enacted.**
- LD 866, An Act To Support College Completion by Homeless Youth in Maine – Rep. Michael Brennan, & Rep. Charlotte Warren. This bill requires institutions of higher education in the State to designate an existing staff member to serve as a liaison for homeless youth who are enrolled in that institution of higher education. The bill also requires institutions of higher education to give homeless youth priority for on-campus housing, develop a plan to provide homeless youth housing during school breaks and allow homeless youth who are enrolled part-time to access on-campus housing during the homeless youth's first year of school. The bill also expands the tuition waiver for state postsecondary educational institutions to include tuition waivers for homeless youth. **The bill was voted passed to be enacted by the House and Senate. The bill is now on the Special Appropriations Table pending passage to be enacted.**
- LD 1294, Resolve, Directing the Maine Human Rights Commission To Implement a Pilot Program To Investigate and Report on Incidents of Harassment Due to Housing Status, Lack of Employment and Other Issues – Rep. Talbot-Ross. **The bill was Passed to be Enacted in each chamber. The bill now goes to the Governor for signature.**
- LD 353, An Act to Classify Recovery Residences as One-family Dwellings for the Purposes of the Fire Code. This bill requires a recovery residence located in a house to be considered a one family dwelling under rules concerning safety to life from fire if the recovery residence has no more than 6 occupants and contains a fire extinguisher and smoke detector in each room. This bill also defines "recovery residence" as an alcohol-free and illegal substance free shared living residence for persons recovering from substance use disorder that provides peer support and connects residents to support services and community resources. **The bill was Passed to be Enacted in each chamber. The bill now goes to the Governor for signature.**